Gender equality and HIV programming: a spectrum

Susana T. Fried

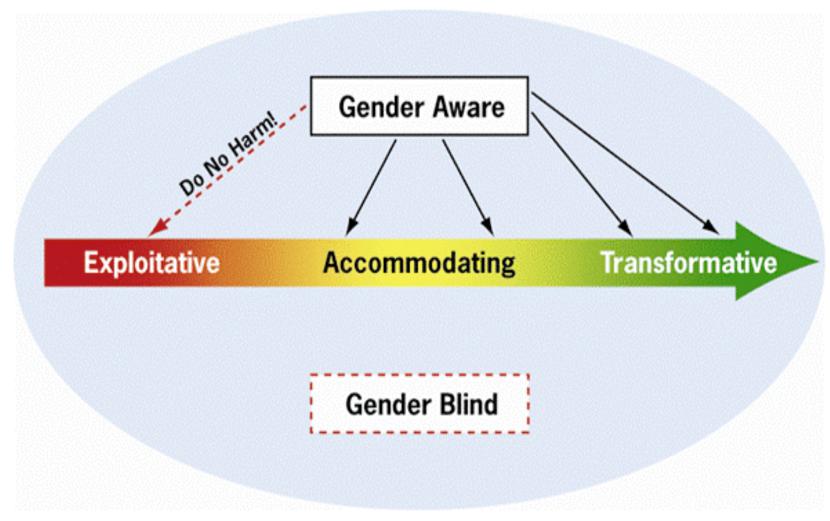
Strengthening Women's Engagement with the Global Fund to Champion Gender Equality through the New Funding Model and Beyond

July 10-12

Geneva, Switzerland

Gender equality programming: a spectrum





Source: Geeta Rao Gupta



The continuum

A gender-negative, blind or neutral intervention

- aggravates or reinforces existing gender inequalities and norms,
- doesn't acknowledge the different needs or realities of women and men.

A gender-sensitive intervention

- takes into account these differences and attempts to ensure that women will benefit from the intervention.
- EX: promotion of female condom, a strategy that builds on the fact that as a female-initiated technology, it may require less negotiation with a male partner than a male condom.

A gender-transformative

- explicitly seeks to redefine and transform gender norms and relationships in order to redress existing inequalities.
- EX: address sexuality norms and inequities in access to resources that make it difficult for women to negotiate condom use

Source: "The cost and cost-effectiveness of gender-focussed interventions for HIV: a systematic review," Remme et. al, unpublished, UNAIDS, 2013; Geeta Rao Gupta, 2000.

Gender-based violence and violence against women

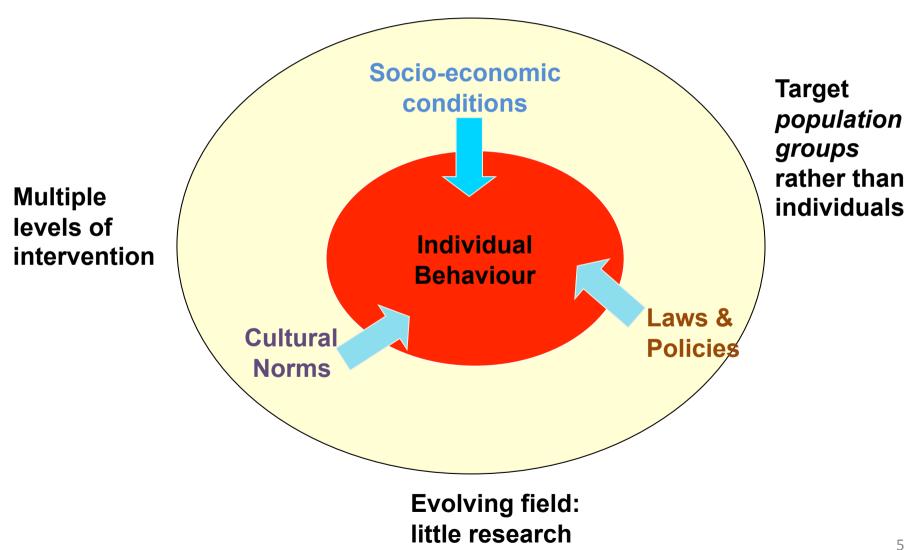


DEFINITION



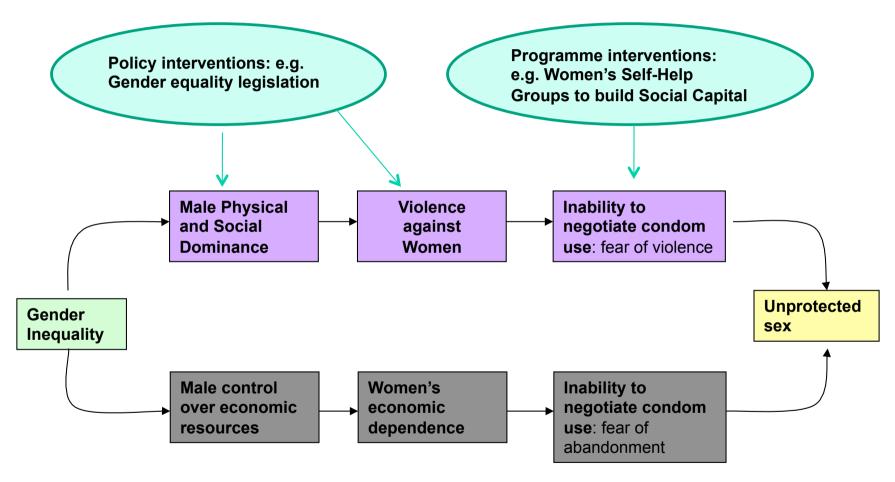
Structural Interventions...

Work by altering the *context* in which health is produced - Blankenship et al, AIDS 2000



"Structural interventions": Acting outside the health sector to influence health outcomes





Graphic adapted from: Rao Gupta, 2009

